September 17, 2021

MEMORANDUM

TO: Chancellors
Chiefs of Staff
Chief Academic Officers
Chief Financial Officers

FROM: Jennifer Haygood

SUBJECT: Proposals for 2022-23 Campus-Initiated Tuition and Fee Adjustments

President Hans and the Board of Governors are committed to promoting accessibility and affordability of higher education for all North Carolinians. In light of this commitment and the financial strain the COVID-19 pandemic continues to place on many students and families, the Board will only consider 2022-23 campus-initiated tuition and fee increases in the limited situations outlined below.

Attached are guidelines for your use in submitting requests for changes in tuition and fee rates, effective for the Fall Term 2022. After campus proposals are reviewed by the president and his staff, they will be presented to the Board in January and will be considered for approval at the Board’s February meeting. The guidance outlined in this memo is based on recommendations of the president and the Board, the UNC policies 1000.1.1 and 1000.1.2 – Policy on Tuition Rates (Attachment 1) and Policy on Student Fees (Attachment 2).

**Undergraduate Tuition**

- **No tuition increases are allowed for resident students.** Combined tuition and fee rates for undergraduate residents shall continue to remain in the bottom quartile of an institution’s public peers.

- **Increases are allowed for nonresident students.** Campuses should continue to follow the traditional process for recommending campus-initiated tuition increases for nonresident undergraduate students. Combined tuition and fee rates for these students should be market driven and reflect the full cost of providing a quality education. In addition, a goal of each campus should be setting nonresident rates at or above the third quartile of each institution’s public peers.
Graduate and Professional School Tuition

The Board will not consider increases for resident graduate and professional students; however, campuses can request to establish tuition rates for any new graduate program that will enroll students (residents and nonresidents) for the first time in Fall 2022. The Board will consider school-based and campus-initiated increases for nonresident tuition for graduate and professional programs that have been approved by the Board of Governors. Institutions must use the Board’s tuition and fee policy as a guideline in developing recommendations for establishing nonresident graduate and professional school tuition rates.

The tuition and fee policy states, “Graduate and professional schools should establish rates consistent with each program’s unique market and academic requirements.” Tuition for nonresident graduate and professional students will be set with an emphasis on maintaining and increasing the excellence of the institution’s graduate and professional programs, as well as ensuring access. Please do not submit requests for tuition increases for graduate programs that have not been previously approved by the Board of Governors.

NC Promise Institutions (ECSU, UNCP, and WCU)

The 2016 General Assembly set up a tuition buy-down program for ECSU, UNCP, and WCU that began with the 2018-19 academic year. The 2022-23 tuition for undergraduate residents will be $500 per semester and $2,500 per semester for undergraduate nonresidents. The cost of the foregone tuition receipts will be offset by an appropriation to increase the UNC budget, subject to funding availability. Changes to the buy-down rate will be considered during the budget allocation process.

ALL TUITION INCREASE PROPOSALS MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY A DETAILED JUSTIFICATION ON THE USE OF THE INCREASED FUNDS.

Mandatory Fees (including debt service fees)

In accordance with UNC Board policy, the Board of Governors is responsible for establishing fees at the constituent institutions of the UNC System consistent with the philosophy set forth in the North Carolina Constitution. Fees will be charged only for limited, dedicated purposes and shall not be used to defray the cost of general academic and administrative operations of campuses, including academic programs and faculty and administrative salaries and benefits.

For 2022-23, mandatory fees are to remain flat except for certain limited situations:

- A campus may propose a mandatory fee increase if it is offset by a commensurate decrease to another fee, resulting in no net increase. This flexibility does not extend to debt service fees that would otherwise be scheduled to sunset because the associated debt service has been paid in full.
- Last year the Board of Governors approved a $60 campus security fee at all institutions, except those that resulted in a total mandatory fee increase over three percent. The campus security fee at these institutions will automatically increase to $60 in 2022-23.
The Board of Governors will consider exceptional situations where all three of the following criteria apply to the specific mandatory fee proposed for an increase:

- The fee was not increased in the last two years.
- The fee increase will not support an increase in scope of services or activities (i.e., the increase will cover specific, identifiable inflationary cost increases).
- Without the fee increase, the ending fund balance is projected to be less than four months of recurring expenses.

All increase proposals must be accompanied by an expenditure plan showing how the additional revenues are critically important for the fee-supported activity, including a description of why alternative sources or expenditure reductions are insufficient for addressing the needs of the fee-supported activity. Off-setting decrease proposals must describe the impacts of the reduced revenues. Campuses whose campus security fee will increase to $60 effective Fall 2022 do not need to submit a justification for the increase.

In approving proposed fee increases submitted by the institutions, the Board will make every effort to keep fees for students as low as possible while providing revenues needed to support the purposes for which the fees are charged. Given that fee increases will only be considered in the exceptional situations described above, we would expect any fee increase proposals to remain far below the overall 3 percent statutory cap on mandatory student fees.

**Special Fees**
Special fees are only applicable to students engaged in particular activities or courses of study. These fees may not be used to supplement general academic revenues that will be provided from campus-initiated tuition increases. Special fee increases may only be proposed for specific, identifiable increases in “pass-through” charges, which are defined as fees charged to cover costs levied by a third party, such (e.g., licensure exam fees, professional memberships, etc.). New special fees will only be considered for new programs of study previously approved by the Board of Governors.

**Application Fees**
Application fees shall remain at the established rates for each institution.

**Student Involvement and Use of Funds**
Tuition and fee proposals must be accompanied by the *Student Involvement in Tuition and Fee Setting Process* form (Attachment 3). Additional information from your institution supporting your student involvement may also be transmitted with your tuition and fee package.

**Attachments**
Please see a list of attachments on the following page needed for completion of the tuition and fee cycle for the 2022-23 academic year.
Completion Date
We appreciate your efforts in providing the requested information. Tuition and fee packages are due by Friday, December 3, 2021. In addition to any correspondence sent to the UNC System Office, please contact Aubrey Clark-Brown (aclarkbrown@northcarolina.edu) if you have any questions about the process and email him the completed Excel workbook of your tuition and fee package. Campus summary information must also be entered into the NCHED web-based system.

Thank you for your assistance.

Att. 1: BOG Policy on Tuition Rates – UNC Policy Manual 1000.1.1
Att. 2: BOG Policy on Student Fees – UNC Policy Manual 1000.1.2 (approved by the BOG Committee on Budget and Finance on 9/16/21 and will be considered for approval by the full Board on 11/18/21)
Att. 3: Student Involvement in the Tuition and Fee Setting Process

Other Attachments: Excel Workbook Supporting Tuition and Fee Requests
NCHED Tuition and Fees User Manual (for data entry into web-based system)
(email separately to the Budget Officers)

cc: President Peter Hans
Chief Operating Officer Jonathan Pruitt
Chief of Staff Norma Houston
Senior Vice President Kim van Noort
Vice President Lindsay McCollum Farling
Policy on Tuition Rates

The General Assembly shall provide that the benefits of The University of North Carolina and other public institutions of higher education, as far as practicable, be extended to the people of the State free of expense. –North Carolina Constitution, Article IX, Section 9

I. Purpose. The North Carolina Constitution sets the parameters for establishing resident tuition rates at the constituent institutions of the University of North Carolina (UNC). The constitutional provisions for setting tuition are codified in North Carolina General Statutes (hereinafter G.S.) 116-11(7), which states, in part, “The Board [of Governors] shall set tuition and required fees at the institutions, not inconsistent with actions of the General Assembly.” This statute governed the setting of tuition rates for both resident and nonresident students from 1971 through 1999, during which time the Board of Governors recommended no tuition increases except as required by session law. In November 1998, the Board adopted a tuition policy, as directed by the General Assembly, which allowed for the consideration of tuition increases as requested by the constituent institutions. These funds are subsequently appropriated by the General Assembly for use by the institution. This policy outlines the framework to be followed by the Board in establishing tuition levels for constituent institutions. Tuition is charged to students enrolled in academic programs during regular terms, summer sessions, or through off-campus instruction, and is used to partially defray the costs of general academic and administrative operations of campuses, including academic programs and faculty and administrative salaries and benefits.

II. General Policy

A. Undergraduate Tuition. The appropriate tuition policy at the undergraduate level encourages students to pursue academic and intellectual interests without regard to program costs. Accordingly, no difference in tuition between undergraduate programs will occur within an institution, and there will be only minimal differences in undergraduate tuition among campuses in similar institutional categories as defined by the Board to reflect both varying missions and contrasting costs of education, or at the direction of the General Assembly, such as the NC Promise program. Deviation in undergraduate tuition among campuses in different institutional categories will be based upon institutional offerings and will be reasonable. Combined tuition and fee rates for undergraduate residents shall be in the bottom quartile of each respective institution’s Board-approved public peers.

B. Graduate and Professional Tuition. The Board will apply Article IX, Section 9 of the North Carolina Constitution to graduate- and professional-level students but with the realization that the costs, sources of funds, and purposes of graduate and professional education are materially different from undergraduate education. The application of what is “practicable” varies by level of
instruction for a number of reasons, and those differences will be reflected in the tuition policies associated with each level. Tuition for graduate and professional students will be set with an understanding that tuition revenues may be needed to maintain and increase the excellence of the University’s graduate and professional programs. In setting tuition rates, the Board will consider the need to provide access to these programs for students irrespective of their financial capacity as well as the desire to attract and retain the best students to serve North Carolina’s needs in each field.

C. Nonresident Tuition.

1. Under G.S. 116-144, the Board of Governors is required to set tuition rates for nonresident students at levels “... higher than the rates charged residents of North Carolina and comparable to the rates charged nonresident students by comparable public institutions nationwide. ...” In complying with the statute, the Board will set tuition for nonresident students after considering the results of a review of rates set by comparable public institutions nationwide. Each constituent institution should set a goal to keep its combined undergraduate nonresident tuition and fee rates at or above the third quartile of its respective Board-approved public peers. Nonresident tuition rates should be market driven and cover the full cost of providing a quality education. The Board will further consider the need for tuition remissions for nonresident graduate students when setting tuition rates and tuition remission policies.

2. Constituent institutions are authorized to award tuition remission to certain nonresident graduate students to reduce the tuition rate for these students to the in-state rate. This tuition remission may be given to nonresident graduate students who are awarded a graduate teaching or research assistantship and who are paid a stipend of at least $2,000 per academic year. Individual institutions may also establish higher minimum stipend amounts or additional policies relating to eligibility for tuition remission. The following conditions apply:

   a. Each institution shall limit the granting of tuition remissions to conform with established budgetary limitations.

   b. Each institution may supplement this appropriation from other non-state sources.

   c. Institutions may not provide tuition remissions to all graduate students.

   d. The president shall adopt administrative procedures and regulations for the implementation of the tuition remission.

D. Tuition Rates for Part-time Students. Effective with the fall term of 2021, part-time resident students and part-time nonresident students taking courses within North Carolina are charged the regular-term tuition rates established by the Board and the tuition rates for these students are implemented on a per-credit-hour basis to be calculated as follows:

   1. Part-time undergraduate students shall be charged tuition per credit hour, at a rate equal to the annual undergraduate tuition rate at their institution divided by 24. The per-
credit rate shall be capped at 12 credits per semester for fall and spring semesters, meaning undergraduate students shall not be charged for additional credits beyond 12 in a fall or spring semester.

2. Part-time graduate students shall be charged tuition per credit hour, at a rate equal to the annual graduate tuition rate divided by 18. The per-credit rate shall be capped at nine credits for fall and spring semesters, meaning graduate students shall not be charged for additional credits beyond nine per semester in a fall or spring semester.

E. Other Tuition Rates

1. The authority to set tuition rates for nonresident students taking courses outside North Carolina and to approve tuition rates for self-supported summer enrollment is delegated to the president. The president may also grant exceptions to the method by which the tuition rate is implemented on a per-credit-hour basis, provided that the relevant course or program is receipt-supported.

2. Student Exchange Programs. The constituent institutions are authorized to enter into and extend or modify agreements with institutions in other countries to provide for a balanced exchange of students. A UNC student participating in such an exchange shall be charged tuition by the home UNC institution at a rate consistent with the residency status the student would otherwise have at the home institution and shall be counted in the official FTE of the home institution in that residency status. A foreign student participating in such an exchange agreement shall not be charged tuition by the host UNC institution and shall not be counted in the official FTE of the host UNC institution.

III. Process for Setting Tuition Rates

A. Undergraduate Rates. The Board recognizes that campuses may experience circumstances that suggest an across-the-board change in undergraduate tuition may be needed at one or more institutions. In the event that circumstances lead a campus or campuses to the conclusion that a change in undergraduate tuition rates is needed, campuses are permitted to bring proposals for undergraduate tuition changes to the Board for its consideration. Campuses wishing to submit requests for undergraduate tuition changes will conduct a process that includes meaningful participation by and input from students. A student involvement form signed by the student body president, or designee, should be included with any campus-initiated tuition increase request. A campus will consider the following factors when creating an undergraduate tuition proposal:

1. Availability of state general fund revenue to maintain quality and access within the campuses of the University of North Carolina System;

2. Evidence of institutional efforts to manage costs through increases in productivity, budget flexibility, and/or efficiency improvements;

3. Analysis of the impact of tuition and fee charges on student access to the constituent institutions of the University of North Carolina System as measured by the college-going rate and other metrics so as not to limit access to the University;
4. Changes in various price and income indices (e.g., North Carolina per capita personal income, Consumer Price Index, Higher Education Price Index, Median Household Income);

5. The current level of student charges (tuition, fees, room and board) at UNC System institutions and whether campuses have proposed campus or program tuition differentials for the budget period that would be in addition to general increases in tuition;

6. Analysis of student indebtedness levels within the University, viewed in the context of student attrition rates;

7. Availability of financial aid and amount of unmet need. Financial aid should be reviewed in the context of the different missions of the institutions, the diverse capacities of the institutions to provide financial assistance and the contrasting needs of students attending the institutions.

B. Graduate and Professional Tuition Rates. The Board of Governors will permit individual campuses to initiate requests for Board approval of different base or program tuition rates at the graduate and professional level. If a campus explores the possibility of developing such a request, it will present evidence to ensure that students in the affected graduate and/or professional programs have been consulted. Graduate and professional schools should establish rates consistent with each program’s unique market and academic requirements. Tuition for graduate and professional students will be set with an emphasis on maintaining and increasing the excellence of the institution’s graduate and professional programs as well as ensuring access. To the extent possible, there should be full tuition remission for graduate assistants to improve an institution’s competitiveness in recruiting and retaining highly qualified nonresident graduate students.

In reviewing potential criteria to recommend as a basis for deciding when specific graduate or professional tuition differentials may be appropriate at a particular institution, a flexible policy framework that allows judgments to be reached based on a number of factors is preferable either to cost-based formulas or to discipline or program typologies that treat all academic or professional programs the same. In particular, a flexible approach based on the unique factors associated with specific programs is desirable because of the potential mix of graduate and professional programs that one may find within any given school or college, e.g., a professional school may offer a Ph.D. program in addition to one or more professional degree programs. Therefore, the campuses will consider the following factors in developing graduate and professional school tuition proposals:

1. The anticipated impact of a proposed change on program quality;

2. The projected impact of a proposed change in tuition on access for North Carolina residents;

3. The availability of student financial aid for students with economic need and of tuition remission;

4. The extent to which current and prospective students can afford possible increases in tuition;

5. The relationship of projected tuition revenue to institutional and/or program costs;
6. Tuition and fees, net of remissions and waivers, charged by peer institutions or programs, as compared to tuition and fees, net of remissions, at the UNC institution or program (the public subsidy received by students at public institutions or programs in the peer set, including the UNC institution or program in question, will also be identified as part of the comparison);

7. A plan for the intended use of additional tuition receipts (e.g., needed improvements to the educational program, funding for competitive salary increases, financial aid, etc.);

8. Assistantships or grant support for graduate students; and

9. Analysis of student indebtedness levels within the University.

C. Timing of Board Action. The Board will act by March of each year, or as soon as possible thereafter, to establish the University's campus-initiated tuition rates for the next academic year. Setting campus-initiated tuition rates by March will permit students and their families to know in early spring what their tuition charges for the fall semester will be, assuming consistency between the actions of the Board of Governors and the General Assembly.

D. Individual Consideration of a Campus Request. The Board will review each campus-based tuition request on an individual basis, within the context of the UNC System’s strategic plan, the need for tuition increases, the state’s economic environment, and the financial impact on students. The Board is obligated to exercise its discretion in granting, modifying, or denying a campus request. Revenue generated from a campus-initiated change in tuition rates will be accounted for in the budget of the originating campus and transferred within the institution by the chancellor in accordance with the priorities identified in the approved campus proposal.

E. In the event that circumstances require that an increase in tuition be made outside of the process described above, the president may recommend proposed increases in general tuition rates for consideration by the Board. The president will seek counsel from the chancellors and a committee of campus representatives, appointed by the president in consultation with the chancellors, before making the recommendations for tuition changes. The committee of campus representatives appointed by the president shall include students.

The president, the chancellors, and the committee of campus representatives will consider a number of factors in deciding whether to recommend changes to general tuition rates in any given year. After the president recommends any action to the Board of Governors, the Board will also consider the factors in sections III.A and III.B., above.

IV. NC Promise Tuition Plan

A. Pursuant to G.S. 116-143.11, beginning with the 2018 fall academic semester, the Board of Governors shall set the rate of in-state undergraduate tuition at Elizabeth City State University, the University of North Carolina at Pembroke, and Western Carolina University at $500 per academic semester, and the tuition rate for nonresident undergraduate students at $2,500 per academic semester. The Board of Governors shall give due consideration to maintaining the unique historical
character of each institution, including service to students who are first generation, college-going, economically disadvantaged, or minority.

B. By October 1 of each year, the Board of Governors and the chancellors of the institutions named in this subsection, respectively, shall submit a report to the Joint Legislative Education Oversight Committee, the House Appropriations Committee on Education, the Senate Appropriations Committee on Education/Higher Education, and the Fiscal Research Division on the amount of any financial obligation resulting from the established tuition rate incurred at each constituent institution and at least the following information for the fiscal year:

1. The amount required to offset the forgone tuition receipts at each of the three constituent institutions as a result of the tuition rate established by this section and how those funds were allocated to each institution.

2. The number of enrolled resident students at each institution.

3. The number of enrolled nonresident students at each institution.

V. Fixed Tuition

A. Fixed Tuition Program. Pursuant to G.S. 116-143.9, the Board of Governors of the University of North Carolina shall ensure that policies and procedures are established for a fixed tuition program beginning with the fall 2016 academic year and all subsequent years. The rate of tuition of any eligible first year, continuing or transfer undergraduate student who is admitted to any constituent institution of the University of North Carolina and deemed to be a North Carolina resident for purposes of tuition shall be guaranteed for a designated time period based on program length and classification. The tuition period shall be eight consecutive academic semesters for a first-time student seeking a baccalaureate degree in a four-year program or 10 consecutive academic semesters for a first-time student seeking a baccalaureate degree in a program officially designated by the Board of Governors as a five-year program, not including any summer sessions. Transfer students shall receive fixed tuition for a period determined based on the balance of a designated program length after making the proper adjustments for a student who transfers to the constituent institution. Current undergraduates shall receive fixed tuition for a period determined based on the balance of their designated program length after making the proper adjustments for semesters already completed. The calculation to determine the balance of a designated program length will be determined by the UNC System Office.

B. Guarantee Rate of Tuition. The fixed tuition program is a guarantee that the rate of tuition approved by the Board of Governors will remain constant or decrease during the tuition period. Students must remain continuously enrolled at the constituent institution during the designated time period to receive this benefit. At the end of the tuition period, the cost of tuition for any additional academic semesters reverts to the amount of the current tuition for that constituent institution.

C. Students Subject to Fixed Tuition. Fixed tuition will be for all eligible students deemed to be a North Carolina resident for tuition purposes for the following three categories of degree-seeking undergraduates in four or five-year baccalaureate degree programs.
1. Baccalaureate degree-seeking students entering into an undergraduate four or five-year degree program as a first-time student.

2. New degree-seeking transfer students entering into an undergraduate four or five-year degree program.

3. Currently enrolled resident continuing students who are enrolled in an undergraduate four or five-year degree program.

Any program authorized by the Board of Governors to require 135 semester credit hours or more shall be officially designated as a five-year baccalaureate program. Fixed tuition applies to students enrolled in distance education and traditional on-campus programs.

D. Fixed Tuition Time Period. First-time degree-seeking students are eligible for fixed tuition for a maximum of eight consecutive semesters for a four-year program and 10 consecutive semesters for a five-year program as long as they are continuously enrolled. Continuous enrollment is defined as a student being consecutively enrolled at the same higher education institution in fall and spring semesters in courses creditable toward a baccalaureate degree. A break in continuous enrollment occurs when a student is not enrolled in consecutive semesters at the same constituent institution. Summer terms are not considered part of the fixed tuition time period.

E. Transfer and Currently Enrolled Students. New transfers and currently enrolled continuing students shall receive fixed tuition for a prorated time period calculated based on the number of enrolled semesters accumulated at the transferring or home institution(s).

F. Break in Enrollment. Once a student breaks continuous enrollment at a UNC constituent institution he/she is no longer eligible for the current rate of fixed tuition at the home institution. If the student transfers to another UNC institution they will be treated as a new transfer student, as described above, and will be eligible for fixed tuition at that institution's current rate for the remaining balance of his or her fixed tuition eligibility period.

G. Withdrawal from Home Institution. Students who withdraw from all classes at their home institution before the date of census, will have broken continuous enrollment and will no longer be eligible for fixed tuition at the current rate at their home institution. Students who withdraw from their home institution after the date of census and then subsequently enroll at the same institution in the next semester will not have broken continuous enrollment and will receive the benefit of fixed tuition at the rate they paid in the prior semester of enrollment.

H. Exhaustion of Eligibility Period. Tuition will convert to the amount of the current tuition for that constituent institution for students who exhaust their eligibility period, are not continuously enrolled, or become ineligible as designated in section I., below. Upon application by a student, the reversion to current tuition may be waived if the student demonstrates that any of the following have substantially disrupted or interrupted their continuous enrollment: (1) a military service obligation, (2) serious medical debilitation, (3) short-term or long-term disability, or (4) other extraordinary hardship.

I. Students Exempt from Fixed Tuition. The fixed tuition shall not be implemented for the following students: continuing education, cooperative innovative high school/early college students.
while enrolled in high school, consortium, dual-enrollment program, second degree seeking, transient, nonresident students, non-degree seeking and graduate and professional students.

J. Nonresident Students. Students who are originally classified as nonresident for tuition purposes and subsequently are reclassified as a resident for tuition purposes will be eligible for fixed tuition at the institution’s current rate for the balance of his or her remaining eligibility period.

K. Fixed Tuition for Part-Time Students. Campuses shall establish fixed tuition rates for part-time enrollment for students eligible for fixed tuition pursuant to this policy.

L. Cost of Attendance Calculation. Financial aid offices shall establish cost of attendance budgets that are realistic and reasonable.

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1Supersedes Section 1000.1.1 originally entitled, Establishing Tuition and Fees.
2Consistent with G.S. 116-143, no tuition or fees may be charged to students in the high school program at the North Carolina School of Science and Mathematics (NCSSM).
Policy on Student Fees

This policy was approved by the BOG Committee on Budget and Finance on 9/16/21 and will be considered for approval at the full Board meeting on November 18, 2021.

I. Purpose. The Board of Governors is responsible for establishing fees at the constituent institutions of the UNC System consistent with the philosophy set forth in the North Carolina constitution.

II. General Policy. Fees will be charged only for limited, dedicated purposes and shall not be used to defray the costs of general academic and administrative operations of campuses, including academic programs and faculty and administrative salaries and benefits. The Board will make every effort to keep fees for students as low as possible while providing the revenues needed to support the purposes for which the fees are charged. The 2016 General Assembly enacted a special provision (G.S. 116-143.10) that caps mandatory student fee increases (including debt service fees) to three percent per year.

Each year, the Board establishes the fees listed below. All fees established shall be based upon the recommendation of the chancellor, the institutional board of trustees, and following his or her review, the president. Excluding the application fee charged to prospective students, all fees set by the Board are annual fees. Once an annual fee has been established, semester rates and summer school fees shall be established by the president and part-time rates shall be reported to the president. It is the policy of the Board to act no later than March of each year to establish fees for the following fall semester.

Although the General Assembly provides for most of the instructional costs of institutions through state appropriations, institutions traditionally rely entirely on student fees to finance a number of activities, services, and facilities. Institutional boards of trustees are required to weigh the benefits of the activity, facility, or service against the fee required to provide financial support. Orientation sessions for the boards of trustees will regularly include discussions of the process followed when establishing student fees.

A. Application Fee. An application fee shall be established for each institution. Specific programs within an institution may require an application fee different from the fee charged for most students and the Board may set different fees according to program needs.

B. General Fees. Fees generally applicable to all students shall be established by the Board of Governors. Six general fees are authorized: athletics, association of student government, health services, student activities, educational and technology, and campus security.

C. Fees Related to the Retirement of Debt Incurred for Capital Projects. Fees generally applicable to all students that provide revenues for the retirement of debt shall be fixed by the Board of Governors at the time of the borrowing. Indebtedness fees may not include components for operations and maintenance but shall reflect the cost of servicing the debt at the coverage levels required in Board resolutions and other documents authorizing the debt. Any subsequent changes in fees require Board approval. Indebtedness fees expire when the related debt is retired unless otherwise authorized by the Board of Governors.
D. Special Fees. Fees applicable only to students engaged in particular activities or courses of study shall be established by the Board of Governors when needed. These fees will not be used to provide general academic revenues that are provided from campus-initiated tuition increases.

Each chancellor is authorized to establish miscellaneous service charges for items such as transcripts, diplomas, caps and gowns, special examinations, late registrations, and replacement of I.D. cards. A schedule of such charges shall be filed with the president prior to the beginning of each school year.

III. Process for Establishing Fees. The process shall be initiated at the beginning of the fall semester and contain the following steps:

A. Instructions Issued. The senior vice president for finance and administration shall issue instructions to the chancellors calling for them to initiate a review of fees.

B. Fee Committee Review and Recommendations. Each chancellor shall establish a fee review committee with representatives of all aspects of campus life, including, but not limited to, representatives from business affairs, student affairs, the financial aid office, and the student body. The committee shall conduct a complete review of student fees from a zero-based budgeting perspective and shall make recommendations to the chancellor for establishing fees effective with the upcoming fall semester. The review will include an examination of alternative resources, including available institutional reserves, to determine if other funding is available to provide the services in lieu of establishing the fee. The review will include a reassessment of the existing operating methods to ensure that operations are performed in a cost-effective manner. If the committee determines that an increase in a fee is needed, the committee shall attempt to decrease another fee so that the total cost of education for students does not increase. In order to ensure that all students are able to meet the increased cost of education, the university's financial aid officer, working with the committee, shall determine that sufficient financial aid is available, from whatever sources are possible.

C. Chancellor Recommendations. The chancellor shall review the recommendations of the committee and present recommendations to the board of trustees for review and approval. Before a chancellor makes recommendations to the board of trustees, the recommendations of the fee review committee will be shared with student government leaders so that students may inform the chancellor of their perspectives on the proposed changes.

D. Board of Trustee Recommendations. The recommendations, as approved by the board of trustees, will be forwarded to the president for review.

E. President Recommendations. When the review is completed, the president will present fee recommendations to the Committee on Budget and Finance for consideration by the Board of Governors.

Each step in the process shall be an iterative and comprehensive review of the previous step, resulting in changes to the fee recommendations as deemed appropriate.

IV. Distance Education Fees. Section 400.1.1[R][II](b) of the UNC Policy Manual defines distance education and off-campus programs.
A. For fee-charging purposes, a distance education program is one designed to deliver 80 percent or more of the direct instruction through distance education or off-campus, as defined in Section 400.1.1[R][II](b). There may be a requirement for the student to attend the main campus for a portion of the program, but that requirement is minimal.

B. Effective fall 2022, students enrolled in distance education programs as defined above will be assessed certain mandatory fees, including the campus security, educational and technology, and association of student government fees, and will not have access to other services and activities supported by the other Board-approved mandatory fees unless they pay the appropriate additional mandatory fee.

C. Students not enrolled in distance education programs will be assessed all mandatory fees regardless of how their courses are delivered in a given semester.

V. Other Matters

A. Effective Date. The requirements of this policy shall be effective on the date of adoption by the Board of Governors.

B. Relation to State Laws. The foregoing policies as adopted by the Board of Governors are meant to supplement, and do not purport to supplant or modify, those statutory enactments which may govern the activities of public officials.

C. Regulations and Guidelines. These policies shall be implemented and applied in accordance with such regulations and guidelines as may be adopted from time to time by the president.

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1This new policy adopted by the Board of Governors replaces the original Section 1000.1.2, Policy on Tuition with Respect to Student Exchange Programs with Institutional Abroad, which was repealed in its entirety by the Board of Governors on September 16, 2021.

2Consistent with G.S. 116-143, no tuition or fees may be charged to students in the high school program at the North Carolina School of Science and Mathematics. However, the Board of Governors may approve, upon the recommendation of the Board of Trustees of NCSSM, the imposition of fees, not inconsistent with actions of the General Assembly for distance education services provided by NCSSM to nonresidents and for students participating in extracurricular enrichment programs sponsored by the School.
Student Involvement in Tuition and Fee Setting Process

Campus Name: ________________________________________________

Date: _______________________________________________________

Campus Administrator Name: __________________________________

Campus Administrator Title: ____________________________________

Campus Administrator Signature: ________________________________

Student Body President Name: _________________________________

Student Body President Signature: ______________________________

Collaboration
___ Tuition and fee committee(s) established.
___ Students were represented on the committee(s).
___ Student representatives were appointed by the Chancellor in consultation with the Student Body President.
___ Committees were co-chaired by the Chief Academic Officer and/or Chief Student Affairs Officer or their designee along with the Student Body President and/or Student Senate President.

Inclusiveness
___ Students on the tuition and fee committees were representative of student constituencies: (for example, in-state, out-of-state, undergraduate, graduate, professional school, distance education, etc.).
___ Student involvement throughout the entire tuition and fee setting process.
___ Student forums were conducted (at least two, one mid-day and one in the evening).

Transparency
___ Utilization of social media to reach out to students.
___ Utilization of university listserv(s) and website.

Timeliness
___ Process initiated and completed consistent with the UNC Policy. (September 1st through December 1st)

Accountability
___ Inclusion of student involvement form in the institution’s tuition and fee request packet submitted to the UNC System Office.

Additional Information: